# Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan 2017-2031 Statement of Basic Conditions

OCTOBER 2016
GREAT EASTON PARISH COUNCIL

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#### 1.0 Introduction

This statement has been prepared by Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan Advisory Committee to accompany its submission to the local planning authority (Harborough District Council) of the Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan ("the Neighbourhood Plan") under regulation 15 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 ("the Regulations").

The policies described in the Neighbourhood Plan relate to development and the use of land in the designated Neighbourhood Plan area only. The plan period for the Neighbourhood Plan is 2017 to 2031 and it does not contain policies relating to excluded development, in accordance with the Regulations. The manner in which the Neighbourhood Plan meets the Regulations and the Basic Conditions is set out below.

Paragraph 8 of Schedule 4B to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) [excluding 2b, c, 3 to 5 as required by 38(C)] sets out in the following way how the neighbourhood plans must meet the basic conditions:

- 1) The examiner must consider the following:
  - (a) whether the draft neighbourhood development plan meets the basic conditions (see sub-paragraph (2))
  - (b) whether the draft neighbourhood development plan complies with the provision made by or under sections 61E (2), 61J and 61L, as amended by s38C(5)(b)
  - (c) whether the area for any referendum should extend beyond the neighbourhood area to which the draft neighbourhood development plan relates and
  - (d) such other matters as may be prescribed.
- 2) A draft neighbourhood development plan meets the basic conditions if:
  - (a) having regard to national policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State, it is appropriate to make the neighbourhood development plan
  - (b) the making of the neighbourhood development plan contributes to the achievement of sustainable development
  - (c) the making of the neighbourhood development plan is in general conformity with the strategic policies contained in the development

plan for the area of the authority (or any part of that area)

- (d) the making of the neighbourhood development plan does not breach, and is otherwise compatible with, EU obligations and
- (e) prescribed conditions are met in relation to the neighbourhood development plan and prescribed matters have been complied with in connection with the proposal for the neighbourhood development plan.

Section 2 of this Statement sets out how the Neighbourhood Plan complies with the legal requirements of sub-paragraphs 1 (b), (c) and (d). Section 3 of this Statement sets out how the Neighbourhood Plan meets the basic conditions contained in sub-paragraph 1 (a) and sub-paragraph 2.

# 2.0 Summary of Submission Documents and Supporting Evidence

In addition to the Basic Conditions Statement, the following documents have been prepared to support the preparation of the Plan and meet the Basic Conditions:

- The Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan 2017 2031
- The Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan Consultation Statement
- Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening Report Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan, September 2016

#### 3.0 Legal Requirements

The Plan complies with the provisions of sub-paragraph 1(b) as described below.

#### 3.1 The Plan is being submitted by a qualifying body

The Neighbourhood Plan has been submitted by Great Easton Parish Council, which is a qualifying body and entitled to submit a Neighbourhood Plan for its own Parish. The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared by an Advisory Committee, appointed by and reporting to the Great Easton Parish Council.

#### 3.2 What is being proposed is a neighbourhood plan

The Neighbourhood Plan contains policies relating to the development and use of land within the Neighbourhood Plan area and has been prepared in accordance with the statutory requirements and processes set out in the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended by the Localism Act 2011) and the Neighbourhood Planning Regulations 2012.

## 3.3 The proposed Neighbourhood Plan states the period for which it is to have effect

The Neighbourhood Plan states that the period which it relates to is from 2017 until 2031. The period has been chosen to align with that of the emerging Harborough District Council Local Plan.

#### 3.4 The policies do not relate to excluded development

The Neighbourhood Plan does not deal with county matters (mineral extraction and waste development), nationally significant infrastructure or any other matters set out in Section 61K of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. The County Council has confirmed that the Neighbourhood Plan is compatible with the existing adopted Leicestershire Minerals Local Plan [to be confirmed following Regulation 14 consultation].

# 3.5 The proposed Neighbourhood Plan does not relate to more than one neighbourhood plan area and there are no other neighbourhood plans in place within the Neighbourhood Plan area.

The whole parish of Great Easton plus Bringhurst School was formally designated as a Neighbourhood Area by Harborough District Council on 13 January 2015. The proposed Neighbourhood Plan relates only to the parish of Great Easton, plus Bringhurst School, which whilst located outside of the Parish, has been incorporated into the Neighbourhood Plan with the endorsement of Bringhurst Drayton and Nevill Holt Parish Council.

The Plan does not relate to more than one neighbourhood plan area. There are no other neighbourhood plans in place within the Neighbourhood Plan area.

In relation to sub-paragraph 1(c), it is not considered that there is any benefit or reason for extending the area for the referendum beyond the designated Neighbourhood Plan Area.

In relation to sub-paragraph 1(d), there are no other prescribed matters.

#### 4.0 The Basic Conditions

This section addresses how the Neighbourhood Plan fulfils the basic conditions set out in sub-paragraph (2). The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared having regard to national policies and advice set out in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and to the strategic policies contained in the Harborough District Core Strategy 2006 – 2028.

The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared with reference to the emerging Local Plan which has been subject to consultation through the period of preparing the Neighbourhood Plan and which is scheduled to be adopted in November 2017.

#### 4.1 Having regard to national policies and advice

The Neighbourhood Plan has been developed having regard to the NPPF. An explanation of how each of the Neighbourhood Plan policies have shown regard to the NPPF are outlined in table 1 below.

#### In general terms:

- The local community has been empowered to develop the plan for their neighbourhood and has undertaken a creative exercise in identifying ways to enhance and improve the area.
- The Plan policies are based on robust evidence and provide a practical framework within which decisions on planning applications can be made, with a high degree of predictability and efficiency.
- The Plan puts forward positive opportunities to meet the housing requirements in the emerging Local Plan, whilst putting in place policies to protect the beauty distinctive character of the countryside and the built environment.
- The need for high quality design and good standard of amenity for all existing and future residents is incorporated in the Plan policies.
- The Plan takes into account the role and unique character of the area and includes
  policies that protect and enhance these qualities, supporting a sustainable level of
  growth to ensure ongoing viability.
- The Plan supports the transition to a low carbon future by focusing future development within or adjacent to the current Limits to Development and safeguarding and supporting sustainable local economic development and community facilities, thereby reducing the need to travel outside of the area for work and leisure.
- The Plan encourages the effective use of land by including a policy prioritising

- development of brownfield sites, and specifically allocating previously developed sites for housing.
- The Plan recognises and seeks to conserve heritage assets including those which are designated and those that are locally significant.
- The Plan seeks to actively manage patterns of growth within or adjacent to the Limits to Development, and thereby making the fullest use of sustainable modes of transport.
- The Plan supports local strategies to improve health, social and cultural wellbeing by safeguarding and encouraging enhancement of community facilities and opportunities to walk and cycle. The Plan seeks to address traffic issues; reducing congestion and speeding and thereby sustaining good air quality and improving pedestrian safety.

Table 1: Neighbourhood Plan Policies regard to NPPF

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF	Ref	Commentary
	(para.)		
Policy SD 1: Presumption in Favour Para 16			Supports the 'golden thread' of the NPPF; a presumption in favour of sustainable development. The
of Sustainable Development			Neighbourhood Plan, by shaping and directing development in the area, makes clear the type and location
			of development that will be supported.
Policy SD2: General Policy Principle	Para. 2		Supports the NPPF principle that applications for planning permission must be determined in accordance
			with the development plan (local plan and neighbourhood plan which has been made in relation to the area),
			unless material considerations indicate otherwise.
Policy SD3 Limits to Development	Para. 17	7, 30	One of the core principles of the NPPF is to recognise and protect the intrinsic character and beauty of the
	& 95		countryside. Actively managing patterns of growth, within the current built up area of Great Easton, seeks to
			ensure that sufficient sites for new homes and economic activity are available in locations that will not
			adversely affect the countryside and setting of the village. Further, Limits to Development facilitate the use
			of sustainable modes of transport with both benefits to the environment and the health of the community,
			both underlying premises of the NPPF.
Policy H1: Housing Provision	Para. 16	i	Inclusion of a housing target supports 'the presumption in favour of sustainable development' by providing
			for the strategic development needs set out in the emerging Local Plan.
Policy H2: Priority to be Given to	Para 17		Policy H2 prioritises the use of brownfield sites for development and in so doing, has regard to one of the
Brownfield Sites			core planning principles of the NPPF which encourages 'the effective use of land by re-using land that has
			been previously developed (brownfield land), provided that it is not of high environmental value'.
Policy H3: Housing Allocations	Para. 14	1, 16	Inclusion of housing allocations with endorsement from the community, supports 'the presumption in favour
	& 17.		of sustainable development' by planning positively to meet the development needs of the area and directing
			where the development should go. The allocated sites incorporate brownfield land and make provision for
			affordable housing, both of which is encouraged through the NPPF.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy H4: Windfall Sites	Para 55	The policy for small scale windfall sites has regard to the NPPF; by seeking to meet the identified housing
		requirements for the area, maintain and enhance the vitality of the villages, whilst protecting their character
		and setting.
Policy H5: Reserve Site	Para. 16 &	Inclusion of a reserve site as a further measure to ensure provision of houses to meet current and potential
	47	future need, again supports the principle of the presumption in favour of sustainable development' and
		'delivering a wide choice of quality homes.'
Policy H6: Housing Mix	Para 50	The policy seeks to support a mix of housing that meets an identified need in the community. The NPPF
		advocates for inclusive and mixed communities, which will require a mix of housing types based on current
		and future demographic trends.
Policy H7: Affordable Housing	Para 50	This policy supports the provision of affordable housing and includes a policy prioritising allocation to local
		residents. This policy is consistent with the NPPF which outlines the need to widen opportunities for home
		ownership and create inclusive and mixed communities through amongst other things, supporting affordable
		housing, where there is an identified need.
Policy DBE1: Design	Para 58 & 60	This policy outlines a number of design principles and supports the NPPF principle of requiring good design;
		and in particular the need to respond to local character and history of the local surroundings. Importantly the
		policy does not impose architectural styles and hence does not stifle an innovative approach.
Policy DBE2: Design Quality -	Para 133,	This policy seeks to protect and enhance locally important historical assets and their setting and as such,
Buildings and Structure of	135	has regard to conserving and enhancing the historic environment. The NPPF acknowledges the significance
Historical and Architectural Interest		of statutorily designated heritage assets.
Policy NHE 1: Protection of Local	Para. 76 &	Protection of Local Green Spaces identified as being special by the community is advocated through the
Green Spaces	77	NPPF. Proposed designations meet the criteria set out in the NPPF.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy NHE 2: Protection of Other	Para.109 &	This policy seeks to protect other open space of local significance for their wildlife and history value. This
Sites of Natural or Historical	135	has regard to the NPPF principles conserving and enhancing the natural and historic environment.
Significance		
Policy NHE 3: Ridge ad Furrow	Para. 139	This policy seeks to protect ridge and furrow fields and has regard for the NPPF, which considers that non-
Fields		designated heritage assets of archaeological interest, of equivalent significance to scheduled monuments
		should be subject to the policies for designated heritage assets.
Policy NHE 4: Important Trees and	Para. 118	The policy in its aims to protect woodland or trees of arboricultural/ecological significance and amenity value
Hedges		has regard for the NPPF, specifically, the need to conserve or enhance biodiversity and encourage
		opportunities for its incorporation in and around developments.
Policy NHE 5: Biodiversity	Para. 109	The policy seeks to protect local habitats and species and where possible create new habitats. The policy
		has regard to the NPPF, which states that the planning system should contribute to enhancing the natural
		and local environment by minimizing impacts on biodiversity and providing net gains where possible.
Policy NHE 6: Protection of Views of	Para. 109	The policy seeks to protect views identified as being significant to the community. In accordance with the
Landscape and Community Value		NPPF, the planning system should contribute to and where possible; enhance the landscape. Views are a
		key component of the landscape.
Policy NHE 7: Footpaths,	Para. 30 &	The policy safeguards existing networks of footpaths and in so doing supports the NPPF aims of promoting
Bridleways and Cycleways	75	sustainable transport and promoting healthy communities.
Policy NHE 8: Sustainable	Para 17	Supports proposals that contribute to mitigating and adapting to climate change including sustainable design
Development		and energy generation and in so doing, supports the transition to a low carbon future, a core planning
		principal of the NPPF.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy NHE 9: Rivers and Flooding	Para. 100 &	The policy seeks to address potential flooding by ensuring development is not undertaken in high risk zones
	103	without suitable mitigation measures, integrating appropriate design measures and that flood risk is not
		increased elsewhere. This policy has regard for the NPPF and in particular meeting the challenge of climate
		change, flooding and coastal change.
Policy E1 Support for Existing	Para 28	This policy seeks, where viable, to safeguard existing employment sites. This has regard for the NPPF in
<b>Employment Opportunities</b>		terms of supporting a prosperous and rural economy.
Policy E2: Support for New	Para 9, 28 &	The policy supports new employment opportunities through small scale new build and/or small scale
<b>Employment Opportunities</b>	37	expansion of existing employment premises. 'Making it easier for jobs to be created in cities, towns and
		villages' is a key element in the pursuance of sustainable development as outlined in the NPPF. The policy
		aims to support a prosperous rural economy, to grow and where possible, diversify the local economy,
		providing local employment opportunities. Further, the policy has regard for the need to promote sustainable
		transport by minimising journey lengths for employment.
Policy E3: Re-use of Agricultural	Para. 17 &	Re-use of agricultural and commercial buildings for small businesses, recreation or tourism further support a
and Commercial Buildings	28	prosperous rural economy. Further, it supports the transition to a low carbon future by encouraging the use
		of existing resources.
Policy E4: Broadband Infrastructure	Para. 42 &	This policy recognises the need for super-fast broadband service and improved mobile telecommunications
	43	network for sustainable economic growth in the area. The NPPF advocates planning that supports high
		quality communications infrastructure.
Policy E5: Working from Home	Para. 28 &	This policy supports the use of part of a dwelling for office or light industrial use in order to facilitate working
	29	from home. Working from home further supports employment activities; thus contributing to a prosperous
		rural economy. It also supports the transition to a low carbon future by reducing the dependency of the car
		for journeys to employment sites outside of the Parish.

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	NPPF Ref	Commentary
	(para.)	
Policy CF1: Protection of	Para. 28 &	This policy seeks to protect key community facilities. This has regard for the NPPF principle of promoting
Community Facilities and Amenities	70	healthy communities through amongst other things, planning positively for community facilities and guarding
		against their unnecessary loss.
Policy CF2: Provision of New	Para. 70	In seeking new or improved community facilities, the policy supports the NPPF principle of promoting
Community Facilities		healthy communities.
Policy T1: Traffic Management	Para.17	The policy seeks to introduce 'Village Gateways' to address the issues of speeding vehicles. This policy
		represents a creative response to an identified issue, which will improve safety and amenity of the parish.
		The use of 'Village Gateways' in lieu of additional signage also has regard to the role and character of the
		area.
Policy T2: Road Safety	Para 30	The policy supports the provision of off-street parking outside of the Primary school. This policy has regard
		to the NPPF in its aims to reduce traffic congestion and road safety.
Policy T3: Footpaths and Cycleways	Para 30 & 75	This policy aims to protect and improve the existing cycle and pedestrian network between the school and
		village centre. In doing so, it has regard to the NPPF in terms of promoting sustainable transport, reducing
		congestion and greenhouse gas emissions and promoting healthy communities.

#### 4.2 Achieving sustainable development

The Neighbourhood Plan is positively prepared, reflecting the presumption in the NPPF in favour of sustainable development. In this regard, the Plan supports the strategic development needs in the emerging Local Plan, shaping and directing development in the area that is outside of the strategic elements of the Local Plan.

The NPPF defines sustainable development as having three dimensions; economic, social and environmental. The Neighbourhood Plan has been developed with regard to these principles and has jointly sought environmental, economic and social gains.

The principal ways in which the Neighbourhood Plan contributes to achieving sustainable development are set out below:

- Encouraging the effective use of land by prioritising the re-use of land that has been previously developed.
- Safeguarding and enhancing existing open space, community facilities and pedestrian and cycling facilities for the health, social and cultural wellbeing of the community.
- Protecting and enhancing the distinctive character of the built and natural environment through high quality design and maintenance of important views and open space around and within villages to retain their setting.
- Supporting strong, vibrant, healthy and inclusive communities by making provision for a supply of housing of the right type and in the right place which meet identified need.
- Supporting the transition to a low carbon future through actively managing patterns
  of growth within existing settlements, maintaining and enhancing footpaths and
  supporting local employment opportunities.
- Supporting a prosperous rural economy through the protection of existing employment sites, supporting small scale business development including working from home and supporting the provision of high quality communications infrastructure.
- Contributing to conserving and enhancing the natural environment by minimising the impacts and where possible improving biodiversity and important habitats.
- Contributing to conserving and enhancing the historic environment by seeking to reduce adverse effects on heritage assets and their setting.

# 4.3 General conformity with the strategic policies of the development plan for the area

The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared in general conformity with the saved strategic policies of the Harborough District Core Strategy 2006-2028. To meet the basic conditions, the Neighbourhood Plan is only required to demonstrate general conformity with the adopted Local Plan. However, given how dated this Local Plan is, considerable regard has been paid to the evidence base of the emerging Local Plan, particularly in relation to housing provision. Table 2 provides a summary of how each of the Neighbourhood Plan policies are in general conformity with the Strategic Policies of Harborough District Council Core Strategy.

Table 2: Assessment of how each policy of the Neighbourhood Plan conforms to the saved strategic policies of the Harborough Core Strategy

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	Core Strategy Policies	Commentary
Policy SD1: Presumption in		The principal aim of the Core Strategy is to contribute to sustainable development. Policy SD1 does not
Favour of Sustainable		contradict any of the saved strategic policies in Core Strategy.
Development		
Policy SD2: General Policy		Policy SD2 does not contradict any of the strategic policies in the Core Strategy
Principle		
Policy SD3 Limits to	CS1, CS2, HS8, CS11	Policy SD3 updates the existing Limits to Development used by the District Council, taking into account
Development		the housing allocations in the Neighbourhood Plan. Limits to Development are supported as a vehicle to
		shape development in the Core Strategy (policies CS1 and CS2 and identified in the proposal map).
		The current Limits to Development have not been updated in a number of years, and the need to do so
		is clearly evident in light of the housing requirements identified in the emerging Local Plan.
Policy H1: Housing	C17	The emerging Local Plan will set the agenda for housing numbers but to date has not apportioned a
Provision		housing target to specific settlements. The Neighbourhood Plan has been produced having regard to
		the evidence in the emerging Local Plan including the position of the settlement and its subsequent role
		in the settlement hierarchy.
		The Core Strategy identifies Great Easton as a Selected Rural Village and that development should be
		on a scale that reflects the size and character of the village and level of service provision.
		In this regard, the identified level of housing provision in the Neighbourhood Plan is in general
		conformity with the strategic principles of the Core Strategy and the evidence regarding housing need in
		the emerging Local Plan.
Policy H2: Priority to be	CS1	The Core Strategy gives priority to the use of previously developed land.
Given to Brownfield Sites		

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	Core Strategy Policies	Commentary	
Policy H3: Housing	CS1, CS3	The policy conforms with the general principle in the spatial strategy which seeks to give priority to the	
Allocations		use of previously developed land and the sites do not conflict with any designations on the proposals	
		map. Furthermore, making provision for affordable housing is supported by policy CS1 and CS3. The	
		policy contributes to meeting the housing requirements identified in the emerging Local Plan.	
Policy H4: Windfall Sites	CS17	Policy H4 is in general conformity with CS17 which supports small scale development in Selected Rural	
		Villages located and designed in a way that is sensitive to its landscape setting.	
Policy H5: Reserve Site		The identification of reserve sites for potential future housing development does not conflict with any	
		existing strategic policies in the Core Strategy and contributes to meeting housing requirements	
		identified in the emerging Local Plan.	
Policy H6: Housing Mix	CS1	The Core Strategy supports development that provides for the varied housing needs of the community.	
Policy H7: Affordable	CSI and CS3	CSI supports the provision of rural housing which contributes towards the provision of affordable	
Housing		housing, where there is a demonstrable need. Further, CS3 outlines that all residential development	
		within the District will be required to contribute towards meeting affordable housing needs.	
Policy DBE1: Design	CS11, CS17	The pursuance of high quality design is consistent across both the Neighbourhood Plan and Core	
		Strategy and in particular the need for development to respect local character and distinctiveness.	
Policy DBE2: Design Quality	CS11	The Core Strategy supports development which protects, conserves and enhances the Districts heritage	
- Buildings and Structure of		assets and their setting, including Conservation Areas.	
Local Historical and			
Architectural Interest			
Policy NHE 1: Protection of	CS8	The policy to protect local green space is in general conformity with policy CS8 which seeks to ensure a	
Local Green Spaces		high quality, accessible and multi-functional green infrastructure network across rural areas.	
Policy NHE 2: Protection of	CS1, CS8, CS17	The Core Strategy supports development which safeguards green infrastructure assets and avoiding the	
Other Sites of Natural or		loss of features of habitats of landscape, historic, wildlife or geological importance, whether of national	
Historical Significance		or local significance.	

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	Core Strategy Policies	Commentary
Policy NHE 3: Ridge ad	CS1, CS11, CS17	The Core Strategy supports development which protects, conserves and enhances the Districts heritage
Furrow Fields		assets and their setting, including non-scheduled nationally important archaeological remains and areas
		of historic landscape. Further, it supports the identification of heritage assets of local importance.
Policy NHE 4: Important	CS8, CS17	The protection of important hedges is in general conformity to key elements of policy CS8 which
Trees and Hedges		amongst other things seeks to require new development to avoid demonstrable harm to habitats which
		are protected or which are of importance to biodiversity.
Policy NHE 5: Biodiversity	CS1, CS8, CS17	Policy NHE 5 is in conformity with a number of strategic policies in the Core Strategy which seek to
		protect habitats and species and further develop the green infrastructure asset of the District.
Policy NHE 6: Protection of	CS8, CS17	The Core Strategy supports the protection and enhancement of heritage assets and local landscape.
Views of Landscape and		Important views are an important element of the character of the landscape and thus their identification
Community Value		and protection is consistent with the aims of Policy CS8.
Policy NHE 7: Footpaths,	CS 8, CS17	The Core Strategy endorses improving the green infrastructure network, including increased
Bridleways and Cycleways		opportunities for public access to the countryside. Rights of Ways and Greenways are identified as
		priority strategic green infrastructure assets for the District.
Policy NHE 8: Sustainable	CS9	The Neighbourhood Plan, by supporting measures to mitigate and adapt to climate change is consistent
Development		with the Core Strategy which outlines support for such development
Policy NHE 9: Rivers and	CS10	NHE 9 is in general conformity with the Core Strategy and in particular CS10 which requires that new
Flooding		development does not increase the level of flooding experienced in other area and that surface water
		run- off is managed.
Policy E1 Support for	CS17	Policies E1 and E2 are in general conformity with the Core Strategy which supports proposals that
Existing Employment		reduce the need to travel from rural areas.
Opportunities		
Policy E2: Support for New		
<b>Employment Opportunities</b>		

Neighbourhood Plan Policy	Core Strategy Policies	Commentary
Policy E3: Re-use of	CS7	Policy E3 is endorsed by the Core Strategy and in particular policy CS7 which supports employment
Agricultural and Commercial		development within the countryside in certain circumstances including aiding farm diversification.
Buildings		
Policy E4: Broadband	C17	The Core Strategy supports proposals that reduce the need to travel from rural area to work and or shop
Infrastructure		through reliable and high speed digital connectivity.
Policy E5: Working from	CS17	Policy E5 is in general conformity with the Core Strategy which supports proposals that reduce the need
Home		to travel, including development which provides or increase the opportunity to work from home.
Policy CF1: Protection of	CS1 &CS6	Policy CF1 conforms with the principle aims of CS6 which is to retain and enhance neighbourhood retail
Community Facilities and		facilities and CS1 which supports the protection of existing services in smaller settlements.
Amenities		
Policy CF2: Provision of	CS6	Policy CF2 conforms with the principle aims of CS6 which is to retain and enhance neighbourhood retail
New Community Facilities		facilities.
Policy T1: Traffic	CS5	Policy T1 is in general conformity with CS5 which seeks to reduce the negative impact of the transport
Management		system on the environment and individuals. The Core Strategy endorses the control of speed through
		measures which avoid the need for traffic signs and signals.
Policy T2: Road Safety		Policy T2 does not contradict any of the policies in the Core Strategy.
Policy T3: Footpaths and	CS5	The Core Strategy supports the need for settlements to have safe pedestrian and cycling facilities in
Cycleways		pursuing a lower carbon future.

#### 4.4 EU obligations

#### Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)

In some limited circumstances, where a neighbourhood plan could have significant environmental effects, it may require a Strategic Environmental Assessment under the relevant EU Directive. DCLG planning guidance suggests that, whether a neighbourhood plan requires a strategic environmental assessment and (if so) the level of detail needed, will depend on what is proposed in the draft neighbourhood plan. A strategic environmental assessment may be required, for example, where:

- a neighbourhood plan allocates sites for development;
- the neighbourhood area contains sensitive natural or heritage assets that may be affected by the proposals in the plan;
- the neighbourhood plan may have significant environmental effects that have not already been considered and dealt with through a sustainability appraisal of the Local Plan.

A Screening opinion was issued by Harborough District Council with regards to the Strategic Environmental Assessment. This determined that "it is unlikely that there will be any significant environmental effects arising from the Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan Pre-Submission Draft as submitted at the date of this assessment, that were not covered in the Sustainability Appraisal of the Core Strategy and the subsequent interim Sustainability Appraisal for the emerging New Local Plan. As such, the Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan does not require a full SEA to be undertaken."

#### **Habitats Directive**

The Neighbourhood Plan area does not include or is not close to a European site that would require a Habitat Regulation Assessment.

#### Convention on Human Rights

The Neighbourhood Plan has regard to and is compatible with the fundamental rights and freedoms guaranteed under the European Convention on Human Rights. The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared with extensive input from the community and stakeholders as set out in the accompanying Statement of Consultation. Considerable care has been taken throughout the preparation and drafting of this Plan to ensure that the views of the whole community were embraced to avoid any unintentional negative impacts on particular groups. There was extensive consultation and engagement in identifying issues

and objectives and the draft Neighbourhood Plan is being consulted on as required by Regulation14 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012, responses have been recorded and changes have been made as per the schedule set out in the appendices to the Statement of Consultation. The Statement of Consultation has been prepared by the Advisory Committee and meets the requirements set out in Paragraph 15 (2) of the Regulations.

#### 5.0 Conclusion

The Basic Conditions as set out in Schedule 4B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 are considered to have been met by the Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan.

The Plan has regard to national policy, will contribute towards the achievement of sustainable development, is in general conformity with the saved strategic policies in the Harborough District Core Strategy 2006-2028 and meets relevant EU obligations.

It is therefore respectfully suggested to the Examiner that the Great Easton Neighbourhood Plan complies with Paragraph 8(1)(a) of Schedule 4B of the Act.